Campbell Interurban Press

VOLUME 22, No. 47 — CAMPBELL, SANTA CLARA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA — FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1917

How to Use Wesson Oil

WESSON OIL is a pure delicate vegetable product for use in salad dressings and sauces, for shortening and frying, and wherever an oil or cooking fat of high quality is required. It makes rich, tender cake, flaky pastry and delicious hot breads. For frying it is more wholesome than fats of animal origin, giving a thin golden brown crust which is easily digestible. No special instructions are needed for its use. Follow your favorite recipes and see how good they are when made with Wesson Oil.

Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?

FARMERS UNION BRANCH

--- **Phone 37J** ---

Our Country is in War

Few of us realize the seriousness of it, and that we may be defeated, our cherished ideals of liberty and freedom crushed, and that we may be ground under the heel of a foreign despot.

Every one must do what he can. The highest duty is to fight at the front; the next to help provide food and munitions; and last to let our money help. Let us all subscribe for

LIBERTY LOAN BONDS.

They are safe and pay 3½ per cent. If we do none of these things we may well be called slackers.

Our motto is: "A Bond in Every Home."

THE BANK OF CAMPBELL will receive your subscription without charge for its services.

Since last week these have subscribed:-

Isaac Zion	$100	C. H. Schrader	300
Jay Brooks	1,000	C. N. Cooper	200
Abi A. Butler	300	E. L. Loyd	100
	Etta C. Alison	100	

THE BANK OF CAMPBELL

Commercial — Savings

Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?

Oils	AUTOMOBILE	Greases
Wolfshead	"Red Crown"	Standard Cup
Monomobile	Gasoline	Monomobile
Monogram	Distilate	Transmission and
Motoreoze	Koal Oil	Diferential
Zerolene	Full line of	Johnson's Carbon
Ford Special	Standard Oil	Remover, Wax
	Products.	and Cleaner

Splitdorf Plugs — Crescent Wrenches — Auto Plyers
Auto Lac — Golden Gate and Surprise Polish
Dry Cells — Electric Lamps — Flashlights

WHITMAN'S
Hardware & Plumbing
Repair Shop

Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?

Have You Preserved

your eggs for 1917? We have a fresh supply of Water Glass. Come in and we will gladly tell you how to use it.

Orchard City Drug Co.

Advertise in the Press

Local and Personal

Birth announcement cards at Smith's.

Lost—A Green Woollen Scarf. Finder please leave at the Press office.

Honey produced right here in Campbell 35c per quart.
ALEXANDER, 48 Dillon avenue.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Righter Wednesday, May 30th at 2:30.

Mrs. B. P. Olsen and children of Oakland are visiting at the S. G. Nelson home.

For Sale: Transplanted Tomato Plants. San Jose Canning variety.
GORDON AINSLEY.

Mrs. J. H. Brady of Burlingame was in town the latter part of last week, on account of Julia Hall's illness.

For Sale—Quick Meal gasoline range, and wood cook stove, in good condition, reasonable. Mrs. R. Alison.

Charles A. Thompson drove to Esparto last Saturday to visit William Donaldson, and returned Monday.

Cherries will soon be ripe and you will need some good long ladders. See Newcomb about it. 295 Campbell ave.

Mrs. Ellen Beebe returned to Campbell last Monday after visiting relatives in San Francisco and Oakland for several weeks.

Dr. F. L. Herrick, wife and little son, from Oakland, and his grandmother, Mrs. Herrick from Eureka, were in town Sunday just for the day.

Mrs. Sykes and daughter entertained at a very nicely appointed luncheon on Saturday, Mrs. Wiesendanger and daughters of Cupertino, and Mrs. F. S. Newcomb.

The local W. C. T. U. met last Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Vandergon to roll bandages for the Red Cross under the direction of Miss Vandergon, who is a nurse.

The M. E. Purmort's have had as a guest during the past week Mr. A. A. Davis, who has just returned from Manila, Philippine Islands, where he has been employed as Professor of German in the University of the Philippines located at Los Banos, about fifty miles from Manila. He will locate in the States in order to give his children an American education. Mr. Davis and his wife have been located in the same school with Mrs. Purmort's brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. James R. Gillis.

Firemen's Show Postponed

On account of conflicting dates, the Firemen's show will be postponed until June 15 and 16.

Official Bulletin at P. O.

An Official Bulletin which is issued as the official news medium of the Government under the direction of the Committee on Public Information appointed by the President of the U. S. for the purpose of disseminating official news during the present war crisis, will be posted daily in the lobby of the post-office where the public can read it.

L. L. MIRACLE, P. M.

Have You Got Yours?

Two more days left to show how much you think of Our Red Cross Society. You can demonstrate your good will by calling at Bank of Campbell and purchasing one or more tickets to the Monster Benefit Ball Game.

Grange Meeting

Orchard City Grange, No. 333, P. of H., met in regular session last Tuesday evening with Worthy Master Robert Scholz presiding.

Reports of committees occupied the first part of the meeting. A discussion of the labor problem was brought out by a communication from the Oakland Y. M. C. A. in regard to locating a camp for about one hundred boys from twelve to eighteen years old to work in the fruit. It was pointed out that a scarcity of labor exists at the present time, and orchard work has had to wait because necessary help could not be found.

Two applications for membership were received. The Lecturer's Hour was spent socially in the banquet room, where light refreshments were served, and music, contests, and humorous readings filled in the time.

The Liberty Loan Local Publicity Committee for Campbell is composed of ths following: Dr. C. N. Cooper, Chairman; J. C. Ainsley, Secretary; George E. Hyde, E. C. Merrill and John F. Duncan. It is due to their activity that practically every advertisement in the Press bears the slogan, "Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?"

High School Festival

On next Friday evening, May 25, the students of the High school will give a program in which the members of the English classes of the school will give a history of the drama and will illustrate that historical summary by selections from the plays of four representative periods. The first one will be an old Miracle Play of the time before Shakespeare and that will be followed by "The Knight of the Burning Pestle" of the time of Shakespeare, by "The Rivals" of the eighteenth century, and finally by "The Black Tie" of the modern period. The plot and the relation of each one of these selections to the history of the drama will be explained by the students.

The second feature of the evening will be selections by the orchestra, songs by the glee club and a number by the glee club and orchestra together. These organizations have been doing some good and effective work; the glee club has not made its appearance before the public previously this year, but the orchestra is well and favorably known by many thru the numerous occasions on which it has assisted in local programs both in school and out.

This program is free to the public and every one's pocketbook will be absolutely safe, as far as the school is concerned. This sort of an evening known as the "May Festival", originated last year in a program given during the month of May in honor of the tercentenary of Shakespeare. The success of that effort has lead to the desire to perpetuate the idea, and the second May Festival is the result.

Congregational Church Notes

Church services, 11 and 7:30.
S. S., 9:45 and C. E. 6:30.

Next Saturday, May 25th, is to occur the Annual Sunday-school picnic of this church at Alum Rock Park. Those desiring conveyance should be at the church that morning not later than nine o'clock. Automobiles will be in waiting. As the Park there will be games, lemonade, ice-cream and a picnic lunch. It is planned to put the lunches of all upon the tables together, thus adding greatly to the social pleasure of all.

At the Church Service next Sunday morning the pastor will speak on the theme, "Some of Life's Contradictions." In the evening at 7:30 the Annual Union Memorial Service will be held in this church, Rev. W. H. Lloyd, pastor of the Methodist church, preaching the sermon. Everybody invited, especially the old soldiers.

California Weekly Industrial Review

Riverside Enterprise becomes an Associated Press morning paper.

San Francisco—Pacific Mail contemplates direct San Francisco-Manila steamship line.

Beaumont—Estimates place bean acreage of county this year at 50,000 to 60,000 acres.

San Pedro—60 fishing crafts to be added to local fleet soon.

San Francisco April imports make record of $15,812,561 highest in history.

S. P. to have an emergency hospital in passenger coach.

Stockton to have new cheese factory, to handle 4000 gal. milk per day.

Red Cross Benefit

The stage is all set and everything in readiness for the big benefit base-ball game at Santa Clara next Sunday afternoon. Final arrangements were made Wednesday night at a large mass meeting held at Eagles Hall, San Jose.

A red torch parade Saturday night headed by the Native Sons Drum Corps will stir up San Jose in good shape. A parade Sunday, headed by the crack Native Sons Drum Corps of San Francisco, followed by the Alcatraz Parlor ball club in automobiles, next the San Jose municipal band, officials, the Campbell Athletic Club, Native Sons Drum Corps of San Jose, and representatives of different organizations, will leave the hotel St. James and parade San Jose before leaving for Santa Clara. A special train will leave San Francisco Sunday morning at 9:10, picking up hundreds enroute.

Tickets are selling in a rapid fire order. The various agencies report a big demand. Many local people have announced their intention of going so no doubt Campbell will be very well represented.

Campbell will line-up as follows:- Paull, p; Bradburv, c; Pierce, 1st; Trantolo, 2nd; Purdy, 3rd; Steveus, ss; Oliver, lf; Ross, cf; Wayland and Morton, rf; and Mack, utility. The game will be called at 2:30.

Here Are Some Things that Are Still Reasonable in Price

Canned Oysters—Metropolitan Brand. These grade extra large, about twenty-four to thirty oysters in a can. Although the wholesale price is up, we are still selling this fine brand at 15c a can.

Canned Oysters—"Better Buy" Brand. These are also fine oysters, but they are not so large as the Metropolitan Brand. This grade is a bargain at 2 cans for 25c.

Pettijohn's Breakfast Food—The price of this cereal has advanced to 20c, but we are going to close out what is on hand at the old price of 15c. This is a bargain — don't miss it.

Post Toasties are still selling for 10c a package.

H. O. Oats are still selling at 15c a package.

Blaine's Steel Cut Coffee has not advanced. Remember, it is steel-cut, and all the chaff has been removed. There isn't a better 30c coffee on the market.

Grape Fruit—Here is a box of extra large and juicy fruit. You would have to pay 60c a dozen any where else, for this size and quality. Our price is 50c a dozen—it's a bargain.

Cluff Brand Tuna—This fish is entirely off the wholesale market—nearly every other store has raised the price—for a limited time only we will sell at the old figures of 10c, 15c, 25c.

Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?

Blaine's GENERAL MERCHANDISE — Where you get a square deal for your round dollars.

Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?

CAMPBELL GARAGE

E. W. PRESTON, Prop.

Agency for **Brisco Automobiles**
& Harley-Davidson Motorcycles

Automobile, Motorcycle and Bicycle Sundries & Repairing
All Work Guaranteed

Firestone, Republic, Federal TIRES & TUBES.
Automobile Oils, Greases and Gasoline

91 W. Campbell Ave. — Phone: Campbell 21 J

OUR ICE-CREAM
A DELIGHT ALWAYS

refreshing and nutritious, and yours to enjoy. It is valued for its purity and healthfulness, because it is made of the best materials, with extreme care and skill, and for its delightful and luscious flavor.

MRS. J. A. KELLEY.

Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?

Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?

Now is the time to get ready for the big crop.
We are in a position to make you prompt delivery and better prices than ever, on

TREE PROPS & TRAY STOCK

See us before purchasing anything in our line elsewhere.

Campbell Lumber Co.
W. T. MORTON, Prop.
PHONE 131
Lumber & Mill Work — Lime, Cement Etc
Campbell, Cal.

Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?

We handle nothing but the very best Government Inspected Meats

Campbell Market

Campbell — California

A. S. Gilson, Prop.

Our Meats are good

Christian Science Services

in Odd Fellows' Hall every Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock. Subject for May 27th. is "Soul and Body." You are cordially invited. Sunday-School at 9:45.

Stockton—Sperry Flour Co. to install 12 reinforced concrete wheat bins to cost $33,000.

Hanford—First crop alfalfa brings $15 per ton. Highest price ever paid.

Campbell Interurban Press
HARRY C. SMITH
Campbell - - - California

BELTS OF WAMPUM

PRESENTED TO WILLIAM PENN BY THE INDIANS.

Their Purpose Was to Cement Peace Treaties Made With the Red Men —Two of Them Are Now in a New York Museum.

The museum of the American Indian, New York, has recently announced through the New York Times the addition to the collection of wampum belts of two which undoubtedly belonged to William Penn. These two belts and the one in the collection of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, form a valuable addition to American Indian lore. All three belts had found their way to England as a part of the Penn estate. The one owned by the Historical Society of Pennsylvania was given to it by Granville John Penn in 1857. He discovered evidence showing that it was given to William Penn by the Indian chiefs who, in 1682, confirmed the treaty of friendship concluded at Shackamaxon. The two that have been acquired by the New York museum are said to share the same distinction, the catalogue description being as follows for the larger one:

"Treaty belt. The original treaty belt presented to William Penn by the Indians, consisting of 18 strings of wampum (25¼ by 5¼ inches), the ground being white, with four crosses or diagrams in violet-colored beads, made from clam or mussel shells."

And for the smaller one:

"Treaty belt. A similar belt to the above, consisting of 15 strings of wampum (25 by 5 inches), the ground white, with diagrams in violet-colored beads. Originally there were three belts, which belonged to the Penn family, but one was presented by Granville John Penn, great grandson of William Penn, to the Historical Society of Philadelphia.

"These belts formed an important part in negotiating or carrying out transactions with the Indians. 'By these means,' writes Clarkson, 'the Indians pledged themselves to live in love with William Penn as long as the sun and moon should endure.' The belts probably refer to what is known as the 'Elm Treaty.'"

Thus, while there appears to be some doubt as to the exact purpose for which each belt was intended, it is not disputed that they were given to Penn as evidence of the willingness of the Indians to live in peace with Penn's followers.

It may be that each belt was intended to represent a clause in the treaty, remarks the Indianapolis News. It is known that on similar occasions the Indians formally signed a treaty by delegating to certain chosen representatives of their tribe the duty of remembering and passing on to posterity given clauses of the treaty. Before the ceremony, the selected Indians were provided with wampum belts. And during the ceremony the belt was given to the white man as evidence that the Indian understood the clause assigned to him, approved of it, and would pass its terms on to the next generation as binding. This Penn treaty was known to eastern Indians as long as they survived.

HERE IS A CONTENTED CITY

Impression Gained by Visitors to Adelaide, Australia, Where Activities Are Peculiarly Organized.

Adelaide's unusual plan—a business section surrounded by a zone of 2,000 acres of park lands, beyond which are the residential sections—seems designed to put business cares, recreation, and quiet home life in separate compartments. The organization of city life to allow for leisure—a feeling more prevalent in Adelaide than in Melbourne, or even in Sydney, and almost unknown in American cities—is partly responsible for the universal impression among visitors that Adelaide ranks high in general culture.

Both climate and the high quality of the South Australian pioneers are also factors which have helped to make Adelaide such a desirable place of residence. Those who are attracted by the climate, people, and manner of life of the foothill cities of Southern California, who care for out-of-door life and flowers and fruit, and wish to spend week ends in near-by mountains or at the seashore, would feel at home in Adelaide.

Most writers on Australia profess to see differences in types and manners in the three leading cities of the commonwealth, and the natives feel sure that differences exist. Melbourne is "hustling;" Sydney is "easy going;" Adelaide is "solid" and "contented." On the basis of short acquaintance these characterizations seem as unreal as "dead" Philadelphia or "provincial" Boston would to an Australian traveler. In the American sense, no Australian city is hustling; all are doing much business in an orderly, efficient manner. As places for residence they have few competitors among the cities of the United States.—National Geographic Magazine.

Japan Training For World Trade

JAPANESE DOLL MAKERS

JAPAN is taking the war lightly. With her ammunition contracts with Russia; with prosperous America buying her silk at good prices; with good crops already reaped and promising, and last but not least, with the banner of the Japanese merchant marine reaching an ever-increasing number of ports, Japan is for the first time in many years, if not in history, a leading nation, writes Maynard Owen Williams to the Christian Herald.

"Full speed ahead" is the order of the day in industrial and shipping circles, and what has brought death and destruction to Europe has brought activity and prosperity to the Japanese, whose part in the war has been done. From Tsingtau to Tsinanfu, the military flag of Japan boldly waves above the railroad, and the fine hotels of Germany's Pacific paradise are being boosted in the tourist centers of Nikko, Hakone, Tokyo and Kyoto. They are under Japanese management now.

The tiny Japanese cat is playing with the ungainly Chinese rat, wondering whether to devour it or to make friends. In many newspapers there are articles urging the advisability of making friends with China, but with no other motive than eventually to reap larger profits by such methods. Nowhere is there thought of danger from China in a direct way. If the open door promises profits, open door let it be. But there is no consideration for the opinion of America or Europe in the argument. Japan has the envied but not enviable habit of looking out for "number one," whether it be in publicity, diplomacy or commerce.

Here in the beautiful Inland sea Vulcan sweats and toils that Neptune may be conquered. The scene is one of entrancing beauty. Awkward sampans and white-winged sailing ships, dot the blue. Green hills shoot down to the water's edge, and detached rocks, surmounted by grotesque pines which cling with bared roots to naked stone, jut from many a promontory.

Around the Inland Sea.

In the hollows between the hills lie the villages, almost hidden in the deep green of stately trees over heathen temple and humble home. Terraced fields, representing months of patient toil, clamber up the towering hillsides. Reforestation has kept mother earth from being denuded here as she has been behind the ill-smelling smelter at Ashio. Graceful volcanic peaks rise in every direction, pointing heavenward in some part of every fair prospect, in which hazy hills melt away into the soft distance.

A white lighthouse casts its Polyphemus glance from a sugar-loaf of wooded rock, and from shady points of vantage a summer home or a picturesque shrine dominates the view of curving bay and craggy rock. But man has conquered nature. In several small harbors the rattle of compressed-air riveters beats an agonized tattoo on the hollow hulls of building ships. The scent of soft-coal forges robs the air of its freshness and adds a smudge to the blue of the vaulted sky. Through the dark smoke the hot ugly glare of forge fires adds a dramatic red to the picture. The idyllic scene has been touched with the call for ships to carry the world's commerce, and the fair countryside frowns at the twentieth century order, "Full speed ahead."

At Kobe and Nagasaki giant cranes cut the skyline in jagged contour, and the English-speaking tourist is greeted with signs a blind man could read: "7,000-ton floating dock." It is the way that the artistic Japanese in his fair land has responded to commerce and publicity and modernism. Night and day the skeletons of ships take on form and slip from the ways to make room for more and larger vessels.

Japan's Navigation Schools.

Yesterday, here on deck, within sight of the Stars and Stripes that Captain Bickel has made to represent good will and friendship throughout the Inland sea of Japan, I had an interview with Kobayashi San, the principal of one of Japan's ten navigation schools. His former students are now sailing the seven seas. Most of them carry with them a personal introduction to missionaries and seamen's homes throughout the world, signed by Captain Bickel and bearing a hundred or more addresses of potential friends from the canal to the capes.

Kobayashi San speaks English better than most Japanese, though he has little chance to practice. His work is on the little island of Yugeshima, whither the English-speaking traveler seldom comes, but he has kept with him these 40 years the knowledge of English which he gained from an early missionary in Niigata.

With his sweeping panama, his heavy beard and mustache, his vivacious manner, he would look as much at home in the Place de l'Opera as in this lonely island of the Inland sea where one has storms for companions and indescribably delicate sunsets for friends. He is like no other Japanese I have ever seen. Frank, full of fun, witty, and, as he says, having "a bit of American in his head," he is as interesting in the way he acts as in the way he talks.

In the harbor of this out-of-the-way island we were discussing the extension of the American navy. Imagine a cowboy in the West giving thought to whether Japan built one more battleship or adopted a new foreign policy!

"When you get these new ships, where will you get the men to handle them?" asked this principal of a school in which a hundred young men are taking the first three years of a nine years' course to fit them to be captains of merchant ships. "You can build ships in a short time, but it takes much longer to build officers."

How Captains Are Trained.

He ought to know, for in the school which we had visited, from fencing-mask to sextant, chronometer, compass and bowline, the whole equipment is for the training of officers in Japan's constantly growing commercial fleet.

The school grounds are spick and span. The school garden contains no weed. When a visitor enters the study room, there is a quick command by the student in charge, and every white-clad student is erect and at attention. "Prussian methods," you say. Yes, and all directed to the development of individual worth and responsibilities. These students are not to be stokers but captains. No discipline is too strict for the training of those who are to command.

After three years of training in one of the ten schools, or in the college in Tokyo, the young men go to sea to serve three years more. They would become stiff and too old for training if they stayed in school long. Three years they serve as apprentices in active service, with study every day and frequent examinations. They then have a second mate's certificate. Three years more of examinations and tests, and the apt scholar can become a captain at twenty-eight.

The merchant marine in Japan is not a trade or a last resort for drunken ne'er-do-wells. It is a career. The apprentice in training expects to be treated as a gentleman.

Japan's shipping is on the boom. New lines are reaching out for trade with the continents and islands of the seas. Japan is the coming Britain of the Pacific, the Phoenicia of the far East. Heavy subsidies are pouring profits into the pockets of ship owners, and each vessel, from tug to liner, is paying for itself every day the war lasts.

Commercial connections are being made in new territory. Many say that these markets will revert to those who held them before the war broke out. But the Japanese are persistent and polite. A passenger on one of their liners knows what it is to be looked after. They are branching out in industry, and wages are almost as low as ever. Japan is sacrificing womanhood and manhood to win world markets. Other nations will be slow to pay the same price for gold.

Hammock Seats for Autos.

A German automobile builder is experimenting with hammock seats, suspended from steel spring frames, which he claims are the easiest riding seats yet developed.

DOG IS WAR HERO

Saves Young French Soldier Left on the Field for Dead.

Animal Refuses to Leave Side of His Friend and Drags Wounded Youth to Safety.

Michael was larger, stronger and more intelligent than the other dogs attached to a certain division of the French army and he was a general favorite among the soldiers. Michael, although most "sociable," centered his particular affections upon a young French soldier named Henri. Every day at the soup hour Michael would appear carrying a tin can and place it beside Henri, who would fill it as he did his own, and they would dine together.

The day came, however, when Henri failed to return, and as the men stumbled back again to safety Michael scanned, with anxious eyes, every pale, haggard face, his sensitive nostrils quivering with dread.

When the last man had been accounted for and Henri was still missing the animal darted toward the battlefield and after some time returned, greatly excited, and carrying an old half-glove which belonged to his friend. He could scarcely wait for the attendants to bring a litter before he started off again, his great, intelligent eyes imploring them to hurry.

In a remote part of the field they found the young fellow lying still and cold. After a hasty examination the attendants left him for dead, hurrying away to succor the living, but Michael refused to be convinced. Again and again he returned for assistance, according to Our Dumb Animals, but in vain, so he mounted his solitary guard, his face almost humanly expressive of grief.

The attack took place about sundown, and it was not until late that night that comparative quiet settled down upon the trenches.

Suddenly the moon flashed out from behind a cloud, and the alert sentinel peered sharply about, then brought his rifle swiftly to his shoulder.

Not 20 feet away, creeping slowly towards the trenches, but halting abruptly every minute, loomed a large, dark object. The sentry advanced cautiously, finger on trigger, demanded curtly, "Who goes there?" followed by the stifled exclamation, "Michael!"

Michael it was, gasping, panting, but still the same old dog Michael—but not alone. Behind him, parts of his uniform literally torn away by the dog's teeth, lay Henri, dragged from the battlefield, inch by inch, by the devoted animal. And miracle of miracles, the boy was actually breathing.

How the animal had accomplished such a difficult task and escaped the vigilant eyes of the field attendants will forever remain a mystery, but little, fragile-looking Henri ultimately recovered.

Very Convincing.

As he disliked motor cars, a country squire always kept good horses. Recently he bought a particularly handsome mare, and a few days later asked his groom what he thought of the new arrival.

"She's a fine-looking animal, sir," replied the man, "but I'm afraid she's a bit touchy."

"Why do you think so?" questioned the squire.

"She doesn't seem to take to no one, sir. She can't bear me to go into her box to groom her."

"Oh, she'll settle down in a few days," the squire reassured him. "Everything's strange to her, you know. I don't think there's much wrong with her temper."

"Nor didn't I at first, sir," replied the groom. "But, you see, she's kicked me out o' that there box twice already, and when you come to think of it that's very convincin'."

Couldn't Fool Willie.

"Sis," cried a boy, bursting into the parlor, where a young lady was seated on the sofa with her best young man.

"Yes, Willie," was the young lady's reply, as she drew the small brother to her side and kissed him. "What do you want?"

"I want to tell you something."

"All right, go right ahead."

"Won't you care what I say?"

"No, I guess not."

"Well, then, I know why you kiss me every Wednesday night."

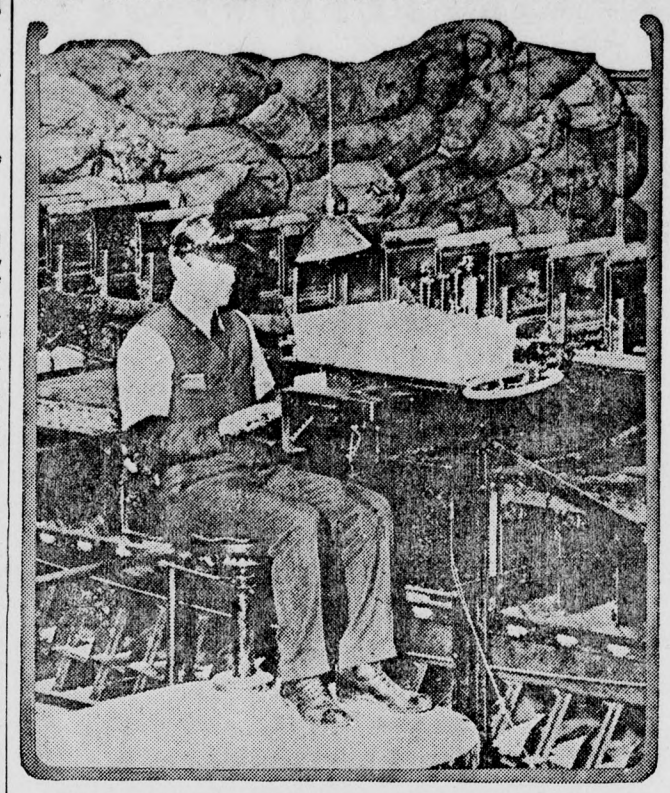
"I kiss you because I love you, Willie, of course."

"That ain't the reason, sis!" and the boy edged slowly toward the open door. "You kiss me so George can see what he is missing."

Evolution of Paper.

The earliest substitute for our modern paper was clay tablets; the next stage came with the use by the Egyptians of the layers forming the stem of the papyrus leaves. Later skins of animals were used. Linen and cotton rags were not used for the manufacture of paper until the eighth century. In the last of the thirteenth century paper was manufactured in Italy from rags and flax. The first machine for manufacturing paper in bulk was set up early in the nineteenth century in England. During the latter part of the century raw material other than woven stuffs began to be used. Of late years wood pulp has been used in large amounts for paper making.

NEW MAIL SORTING MACHINE ALMOST HUMAN



This new mail-sorting machine which is being tried out by Uncle Sam is wonderfully efficient and seems to be almost human. The machine is 25 feet long and has a system similar to the linotype. It saves a great deal of labor, makes working conditions more ideal, and can be worked by a single operator. He sits in front of it with a large stack of letters. He reads Columbus, O., on one envelope, Springfield on another and New York on another. He presses the Columbus key and the envelope is whisked away, shot here and there until a certain combination of metal parts releases it and it drops into the Columbus, O., box. The same course is followed with the other envelopes.

PLAN TO CHART THE ATMOSPHERE

Uncle Sam's Experts Prepare to Make Survey of Air to Aid Aviation.

FOR PROTECTION OF FLIERS

Work Made Necessary by Fact That Soon Thousands of Airplanes Will Be Soaring Over the American Continent.

Now that the airplane is practically perfected, and many people learning to fly, an effort is being made by the national advisory committee for aeronautics to promote the study of the atmosphere over this continent and the adjacent waters, and have a set of accurate charts made for the benefit of aviators. This investigation is to be known as an aerological survey.

Especially is this problem vital as it concerns the national preparedness program. This fact is brought out by Dr. Charles D. Walcott, secretary of the Smithsonian institution and chairman of the executive committee of the national advisory committee for aeronautics, who urges most strongly the establishment and maintenance of aerological surveys over North America and the adjoining waters for the protection of the lives of our aviators, the safety of aircraft and the furtherance of their operation.

Little Known of Air.

"At present," states Doctor Walcott, "practically nothing is known of the movements of the fluid in which shortly thousands of aircraft representing millions of dollars in investment will be floating and, what is far more important, they will be operated by thousands of our finest specially trained young men."

Aviation is recognized as one of the prime factors, if not the initial necessity, of preparedness. During the past 12 months the national advisory committee for aeronautics has been exercising every means within its power to advise and assist the aerial arms of the government, both for land and sea operation. This committee has been able to assist in standardizing airplane construction to a certain extent, has met with manufacturers of airplanes and airplane motors in an effort to expedite the delivery of machines to the government, and has been of great assistance in the solution of many other problems.

Aerological Stations Planned.

The committee believes that the time has come when aerological stations should be established and maintained, especially in conjunction with military training stations maintained now or in the future for the instruction of aviators. The plans include, through the co-operation of the weather bureau, the establishment of additional aerological stations for observing, measuring and investigating atmospheric phenomena in the aid of aeronautics, not only at the surface of the earth but at different elevations up to 10,000 feet or more, and the mapping of the same. The functions of this system would serve aviation much as the hydrographic office of the coast and geodetic survey advises on ocean navigation.

LIVING COST VARIES

Wide Range of Prices Shown by Inquiry in Alaska.

High Transportation Charges in Some Sections Are Responsible—Common Laborers Get Big Wages.

There is probably no region in which the actual cost of the necessities of life varies so greatly as it does in Alaska, according to experts of Uncle Sam's department of agriculture, who have recently made a study of that country in order to ascertain agricultural and other information of interest to the prospective settlers in that section of the United States.

It is well-known that wages in that country are high, but, on the other hand, there are said to be places in the remote interior to which it costs a dollar a pound to transport provisions from tidewater; consequently the consumer must pay this freight rate in addition to the actual value. It is said, however, that at other places in the coast towns, particularly those nearest Puget sound cities, provisions can be obtained at a comparatively small advance on the prices in Seattle.

There are as yet but few laborers employed in agriculture in Alaska, it is said. Few of the homesteaders have money to hire labor, and, therefore, have to depend on their own efforts for the clearing of their land and the erection of their buildings. Up to the present year it is said that the wages for common labor in Alaska have been $7.50 a day for eight hours' work. As development progresses there will, of course, be more and more demand for men to do the work. Officials who made the study say, therefore, that any young, able-bodied man who is willing to work at anything he can find to do can find work somewhere in Alaska, so that he not only can make a living, but if he is of a saving disposition he can lay something aside.

Alaska is not a wheat country. The experts found, however, that certain varieties of spring wheat have been grown and can be matured in favorable seasons in all of the interior valleys, but wheat does not do its best in these far northern latitudes. The agricultural experiment stations are now engaged in developing varieties of spring wheat which will mature in a shorter period of time than those now grown in the states or in Canada.

Garrison Virgin Islands.

Two hundred and fifteen United States marines from Hayti and Santo Domingo were landed in the Virgin islands, formerly the Danish West Indies, to form the first United States garrison in this newly acquired island possession.

Having been stationed ashore guarding American legations abroad and the naval stations in our many island possessions for years, the garrisoning of the Virgin islands is no new duty for Uncle Sam's "soldiers of the sea."

Drift Is Cityward.

The drift of population in the United States is still strongly to the cities. Census bureau reports show that 40.3 per cent of the country's inhabitants live in places of more than 8,000 residents, as against 38.9 per cent in 1910.

makes sick skins well

SAN FRANCISCO HOTELS

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

Lankershim Hotel

55 FIFTH STREET OPPOSITE U. S. MINT

New Fireproof Hotel 350 Rooms
Every Modern Up-to-Date Convenience
Large Ground Floor Lobby

RATES EUROPEAN PLAN

Single rooms 75c per day, 1 person without bath
Double rooms $1.00 per day, 2 " " "
Single rooms $1.50 per day, 1 " with bath
Double rooms $2.00 per day, 2 " " "

We are now making special rates to permanent guests, weekly and monthly.

You don't need a map to find the Lankershim Hotel. It is in the very center of San Francisco. Take the Universal Bus to the Hotel at our expense. F. KLEIN, Manager.

Kill All Flies! They Spread Disease

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or 6 sent by express, prepaid, $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 160 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HER BELIEF

"And you really believe that Helen's marriage was an affair of the heart?"

"Of course I do. She was led to believe that the rich old duffer she married had a weak heart."

After the Movies Murine Is for Tired Eyes. Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Granulated Eyelids. Rests—Refreshes—Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for Eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your Eyes as much of your loving care as your Teeth and with the same regularity. CARE FOR THEM. YOU CANNOT BUY NEW EYES! Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book

Submarine Saver Is Built.

An ingenious craft for the salvage of submarines has just been launched at Zaandam, the Netherlands, to the order of the Spanish government. It is a double-screw steamship made up of two separate vessels six meters deep and six meters broad, the fore and aft decks of which are bound together with an intervening space of eight meters, thus giving the entire structure a breadth of 20 meters. The open space is spanned by hoisting apparatus powerful enough to haul the sunken submarines between the two halves of the ship. The electricity-driven windlasses have a total lifting capacity of 650 tons, with a test load of 1,000 tons. On board the ship are four workshops for the repair of the salved underwater craft, together with a hold for the storage of torpedo heads, which can in case of fire be immediately submerged. The vessel is 92½ meters long.

Efficient Service

Must be rendered by the stomach, liver and bowels in order to maintain the highest possible standard of health. When help is needed—

TRY

HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

NERVOUSNESS AND BLUES

Symptoms of More Serious Sickness.

Washington Park, Ill.—"I am the mother of four children and have suffered with female trouble, backache, nervous spells and the blues. My children's loud talking and romping would make me so nervous I could just tear everything to pieces and I would ache all over and feel so sick that I would not want anyone to talk to me at times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills restored me to health and I want to thank you for the good they have done me. I have had quite a bit of trouble and worry but it does not affect my youthful looks. My friends say 'Why do you look so young and well?' I owe it all to the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies."—Mrs. ROBT. STOPIEL, Sage Avenue, Washington Park, Illinois.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK, UGH!

"Dodson's Liver Tone" better than calomel and can not salivate.

Calomel loses you a day! You know what calomel is. It's mercury; quicksilver. Calomel is dangerous. It crashes into sour bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

When you feel bilious, sluggish, constipated and all knocked out and believe you need a dose of dangerous calomel just remember that your druggist sells for 50 cents a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone, which is entirely vegetable and pleasant to take and is a perfect substitute for calomel. It is guaranteed to start your liver without stirring you up inside, and can not salivate.

Don't take calomel. It makes you sick the next day; it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tone straightens you right up and you feel great. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and doesn't gripe.—Adv.

Waiter Couldn't See the Joke.

Dipping the other day into Mrs. Stuart Menzies' biography of Lord William Beresford, there is the following good story:

"It was at the Raleigh club" (writes Mrs. Menzies) "that Lord William and one of his brothers, Lord Marcus, I believe, for some reason, or perhaps for no reason, put the hall porter into the refrigerator.

"The heat of the man's body, or his language, caused the ice to melt, so one of them drew from the tap some water into a tumbler and sent it with his compliments to a friend in the smoking room, describing it as Garcon Glace (literally 'iced waiter'),

"The porter was left in a little too long, and there was some trouble afterward. This became known as the Garcon Glace incident.

"Everybody thought it funny except the waiter, and he had to be pacified."

DON'T GET RUN DOWN, Weak and miserable. If you have Kidney or Bladder trouble, Headache, Backache, Dizziness, Nervousness, and feel tired all over, get a package of MOTHER GRAY'S AROMATIC LEAF. It never fails. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail for 50c. Sample sent FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y. —Adv.

WROTE CONTRACT FOR COOK

Shyster Lawyer's Plan to Retain Help All Right Until Marie Heard About It.

The wife of the shyster lawyer was worried.

"Darling," she said, "we simply cannot keep a cook. We've had three this week and a new one is coming tonight."

"Ah," said the shyster and ambulance-chaser, "you are lax in your methods. Each cook should sign a contract, and, once signed—ahem! They cannot leave! Now, I'll write out a tractcon—I mean a contract, and have the new cook sign it. And there you are!"

On the stroke of 6:30 Marie Antoinette McCarthy, the new German cook, weighing 238 pounds, arrived. The shyster lawyer approached her carefully with a baseball bat.

"I have a contract for you to sign before you go to work. I'll read it:

"'The party of the first part, Marie A. McCarthy does hereby agree to cook, wash, iron, mend clothes, do dishes, sweeping and dusting for the party of the second part for one year from date. And the party of the first part agrees in part with the party of the second part to take part in any extra dinners planned by the party of the second part. And whereas the party of the first part thusly—'"

Here the shyster was struck on the head by a milk bottle and thrown down the cellar stairs.

HARMONIZING UNCLE SAM'S WAR WORK

Each of the ten cabinet officers has appointed a representative from his department to make up a committee which holds daily sessions with the council of national defense. The object of the committee is to co-ordinate the entire government machine so that it may approach the task of military, naval and industrial preparedness to the best advantage. Seated in this group, left to right, are: William C. Fitts, department of justice; William M. Ingraham, assistant secretary of war; Louis Freeland Post, assistant secretary of labor. Standing, left to right, Dr. B. T. Galloway, agriculture; Frank Frayser, post office department; Lathrop Brown, interior, and Leland Harrison, state department. Mr. Harrison is the state department's press censor.

BUYING OF ALASKA GOOD INVESTMENT

Judgment of Man Who Engineered Deal Fifty Years Ago Has Been Vindicated.

WEALTH IN NORTHERN EMPIRE

To Have Neglected Opportunity to Obtain Territory Would Have Been Colossal Blunder, Says Secretary Lane.

"Fifty years ago," says Secretary Lane of the United States department of the interior, "Alaska became a part of the United States.

"We are only beginning to realize how tremendous the service was that William H. Seward performed when he secured for us that great source of wealth. When Seward was secretary of state, few men realized the great potential value of Alaska. Popular impression held it a snow-bound wilderness, a land of ice and polar bears. Seward felt that the time would come when the wealth of Alaska would astound the world. His judgment today is vindicated.

"Opposition to the taking of Alaska was as blind as it was virulent. But after fifty years, actual financial statements show us, and prove conclusively, that to have neglected that opportunity would have been a colossal blunder, a blunder future generations could never forgive.

"A moral obligation was one of the primary reasons that led to the purchase of Alaska. Russia had given us the passive support of two fleets of warships during our Civil war, and saved us from serious indignities that threatened from abroad. Russia needed money. We, of course, could not give it to her outright, but we could let her have it and take in exchange her barren North American provinces. In the face of a storm of protest the treaty was signed and fully ratified; the Russian ambassador collected $7,200,000 from Uncle Sam; and Alaska edged her way into a protesting and inhospitable democracy.

Cost Two Cents an Acre.

"Six hundred thousand square miles of territory, 384,000,000 acres of land, were bought by our government in 1867 for a little over $7,000,000. That little flier in real estate, at 2 cents an acre, has brought something more than three-quarters of a billion dollars into the channels of American trade during the past half century. And the profits are just beginning to come in. A scant 65,000 people are living in that vast country, one-fifth as large as the United States. One hundred million dollars out of that three-quarters of a billion formed their contribution for 1916. What it will be in 2026 no man can predict.

"It is estimated that 150,000,000,000 tons of coal lie in the virgin coal fields of Alaska. This coal is gradually appearing in the market. Experts say some of the best coal in the world streaks the giant mountains of Alaska. With these mines opened, with the new government railroad in active operation, the development of great and rich tracts, both mineral and agricultural, will follow inevitably.

"The great gold fields of the interior never have been worked adequately. Extended the advantages of railroad transportation, mine operators will soon be able to increase their output materially.

Copper Fields Untouched.

"Copper mined last year brought between $35,000,000 and $40,000,000; and still comparatively little has been taken out.

"When Russia sold Alaska in 1867, she threw in the surrounding seas for good measure. Since then great masses of fish caught in Alaskan waters have brought our people $230,000,000. Each year sees the establishment of new centers and larger canneries. Fur-bearing animals, too, have increased our mighty dividend by $65,000,000.

"Alaska's period of trial is over. She has been weighed in the balance and found magnificently worthy."

CHEMISTS WAR FACTOR

Should Be Kept From Firing Line, Says U. S. Aid.

Needed in Making Munitions, Testing Foods and Perfecting Other Industrial Activities.

"The chemist and mining engineer will play a most important part in winning the war for the United States," said Charles Curtis, superintendent of Uncle Sam's customs assaying laboratory in Kansas City, Mo.

"The development of explosives and poison gases is wholly a chemical process. The problems of trench digging, mining and other earth operations are those of the mining engineer.

"Recognizing these facts, the American Chemical society has offered its services to the president, and is mobilizing its forces for war.

"We are in the best possible position to take advantage of the experience and mistakes of the other countries. Germany has made a terrible mistake in sending her chemists to fight in the trenches. Several hundred of the most eminent chemists in Germany have been killed, and their services are lost, not only to Germany, but to the world. The chemists should be kept out of the firing line and put to work in making munitions, testing foods and perfecting other industrial activities in their line.

"American chemists are naturally thinking of new devices which will be of service in the war. The chlorine gas used by Germany is terrible, but it is mild compared with others that might be employed, such as bromine or fluorine. These things are positively devilish, and it is terrible to think of using them, but it seems that war stops at nothing these days."

CUB REPORTER'S 'SCOOP'

The shock that Abou Ben Adhem experienced when he was awakened by the angel had nothing on the surprise that Guy D. Wilson, a cub reporter, furnished the editor of a Fort Worth (Tex). newspaper.

Wilson was sent to visit recruiting stations and bring in the names of men enlisted that day. After a call at the United States Marine corps he decided he would give up newspaper work and follow the fortunes of the "soldiers of the sea." He sent his report back to the editor by messenger.

The following edition of the paper published a long list of recruits, and "Lo, Guy Wilson's name led all the rest."

WOULD RAISE FOOD IN YARDS

Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Urges City Dwellers to Aid in Increasing Food Supply.

A statement urging that as a patriotic duty city residents transform their yards into gardens, and farmers so diversify their crops as to make each section self-sustaining, was issued by Carl Vrooman, assistant secretary of agriculture.

The great need in wartime, Mr. Vrooman said, is a surplus of wheat with which the nation can feed its allies. He also declared the acreage of soy beans and cow peas should be increased to augment the source of protein, for which in time of emergency they could take the place of meat for human consumption. Two or three crops of some sort should be raised during the coming summer, he said, on every vacant square foot in the cities.

Bookworm's Paradise.

The Library of Congress in Washington, the largest library of the western hemisphere and the third largest in the world, added 88,000 books to its shelves last year.

It now contains 2,451,974 books, 154,200 maps and charts, 730,243 volumes and pieces of music and 392,905 prints.

The librarian is Dr. Herbert Putnam, a relative of the famous publishers of that name.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 $5 $6 $7 & $8 For Men and Women

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas

President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 185 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

TRADE TRAINING IS LACKING

Uncle Sam's Chief Foreign Commerce Booster Says Facilities Are Not Sufficient.

Dr. Edward Ewing Pratt, chief of Uncle Sam's bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, declares that the United States lacks facilities for preparing men for a career in foreign trade.

"The great demonstration for foreign trade in this country," he says, "began literally before the echoes of the first guns in Europe died away. It was really ten months later, however, before we began to get our bearings and before the business men of our country actually get down to brass tacks in this foreign-trade business—some of them have not got there yet. But in spite of all this noise, backed up as it has been recently by a considerable amount of real solid activity, the universities and colleges have not yet awakened either to the need in the every-day business world or the opportunity for practical service that lies before them.

"It is not sufficient for the professors to point to a few language courses, many of which do not really teach the languages; and to a general course of commercial geography; nor to a course on the history of South America; nor even to a general course on foreign trade. Foreign trade has a technique of its own. No doubt many of the courses in the ordinary school are excellent as leading to foreign trade. But the mere assembling of a few paper courses under a denomination which will attract students interested in the subject is not sufficient.

SUFFERING CATS! GIVE THIS MAN THE GOLD MEDAL

No humbug! Any corn, whether hard, soft or between the toes, will loosen right up and lift out, without a particle of pain or soreness.

This drug is called freezone and is a compound of ether discovered by a Cincinnati man.

Ask at any drug store for a small bottle of freezone, which will cost but a trifle, but is sufficient to rid one's feet of every corn or callus.

Put a few drops directly upon any tender, aching corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears and shortly the corn or callus will loosen and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This drug freezone doesn't eat out the corns or calluses but shrivels them without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Just think! No pain at all; no soreness or smarting when applying it or afterwards. If your druggist don't have freezone have him order it for you.—Adv.

STARTS NEW MARKET SERVICE

Uncle Sam Believes System Will Aid in Stabilizing Live Stock and Meat Prices.

Uncle Sam has established a new market news service on meats, supplying telegraphic reports of conditions in three representative eastern meat-consuming centers. These reports are now available daily to the trade and to consumers in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Kansas City and Omaha. They are intended to place at the disposal of the meat producer and of the wholesale and retail trade useful information in regard to supplies on hand, the demand for the various kinds and grades of meat, and other factors influencing the trade.

New York, Boston and Philadelphia, where the conditions are representative of those in other large consuming centers, government agents obtain early each morning all available information and send it by wire to Washington and to the eastern and western local offices of the office of markets and rural organization. There it is placed early in the business day at the disposal of all interested persons.

As the Poet Says.

"Co-operation is the secret of a successful household," remarked the sociologist.

"That's what I used to think," answered Mr. Glithers, "but it has been so long since Mrs. Glithers would tolerate my interference in household affairs, I have about concluded that 'they also serve who only stand and wait.'"

When Writing to Advertisers Please Mention this Paper

KOVERALLS

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Keep Kids Kleen

The most practical, healthful, playtime garments ever invented for children 1 to 8 years of age. Made in one piece with drop back. Easily slipped on or off. Easily washed. No tight elastic bands to stop circulation. Made in blue denim, and genuine blue and white hickory stripes. Also lighter weight, fast-color material in dark blue, cadet blue, tan or dark red, all appropriately trimmed with fast-color galates. All garments made in Dutch neck with elbow sleeves for high neck and long sleeves.

85c the suit

If your dealer cannot supply you we will send them, charges prepaid on receipt of price, 85c each. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

A New Suit FREE If They Rip

Beware of Imitations. Look for the Two Horses on the Label.

Made by Levi Strauss & Co., San Francisco

Awarded GRAND PRIZE at the P.P.I.E.

TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from us, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. THE CUTTER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL. PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOV. LICENSE

LAND FOR SALE—In Kern County, California. 20 acres fenced, old well. Five miles from Bakersfield, California, near highway. Good alfalfa land or potatoes and onions. Good crop raised on adjoining land. Near good homes and schools. Low price and easy terms to right man. Address M. A. Green, 822 Mission Street, San Francisco, California.

PROFIT BY CHANCE REMARK

Two Poor Families in Ireland Will Get $6,000 as Result of Hint Dropped by Woman.

San Francisco.—For twenty years Mary Dougherty worked in the steward's department of a big hotel here and in all that time she mentioned her personal affairs only once. That was to tell a close friend that she had never married because she couldn't find a man as fine as either of her two brothers in Donegal.

As a result of that chance remark two poor families in Ireland will get $6,000.

When Mary was killed in an accident two years ago her locker in the hotel was found to contain $1,500 in cash and a bank book showing $4,000 deposits.

The woman's friend told the public administrator about the two brothers in Donegal and, working through the British consulate, he learned that the brothers were Patrick and David Dougherty. David is dead, but his five children will divide the $6,000 with Patrick.

FOR PIMPLY FACES

Cuticura Is Best—Samples Free by Mail to Anyone Anywhere.

An easy, speedy way to remove pimples and blackheads. Smear the affected surfaces with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, bathing some minutes. Repeat night and morning. No better toilet preparations exist.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. Sold everywhere. —Adv.

Hasty With His Gun.

New Dentist (in Frozen Dog)—Will you take gas?

Broncho Bill—Will it hurt much if I didn't?

New Dentist—It will.

Broncho Bill—Then, stranger, for your sake I reckon I'd better take it.

DON'T CUT OUT A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis FOR ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. $2 a bottle delivered. Book 6 M free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, the antiseptic liniment for Boils, Bruises, Sores, Swellings, Varicose Veins. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 403 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

CAMPBELL
INTERURBAN PRESS
Published every Friday by
HARRY C. SMITH

Entered as second-class matter September 30, 1904, at the Postoffice at Campbell, California under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

SOCIETIES.

Masonic Notice

Charity Lodge, No. 362, F. & A. M., Campbell, Cal. Stated meetings held on the second Monday of each month.
C. E. DeSelle, W. M.
Geo. S. Robson, Secretary.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows

Morning Light Lodge, No. 42, meets every Thursday evening in Odd Fellows Hall. Sojourning brothers are ordially invited to attend the lodge meetings.
Ben Dalvit, Noble Grand.
J. D. Sawyer, Secretary.

Patrons of Husbandry

Orchard City Grange, No. 333, meets on the second and fourth Tuesday evenings at the Odd Fellows Hall. Sojourning members are cordially invited to attend.
Robert Scholz, Worthy Master.
Mrs. Edna Keesling, Worthy Secretary.

Fraternal Aid Union

Palm Leaf Council, No. 360, meets on the second and fourth Saturday evenings at Odd Fellows Hall. Sojourning members are cordially invited to attend.
C. H. WHITMAN, President.
Mrs. S. J. Brandenburg, Secretary.

Brotherhood of American Yeomen

Orchard City Homestead No. 5265 meets 1st & 3rd Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall at Campbell. All Yeomen are cordially invited to attend meetings.
Edward O. Evans, Honorable Foreman — Harry C. Smith, Correspondent

Dr. Ernest A. Abbott
Dentist
Room 6 PORTER BUILDING
Phone San Jose 2447 — San Jose, Cal.

DR. W. I. MERRILL
Physician and Surgeon
Office Formerly Occupied by Dr. Cooper
Office Hours
10 to 12, 2 to 4 and 7 to 8
Holidays and Sundays 12 to 1
Office and Residence Phone 31 J

Dr. W. A. Sehorn
Dentist
Offices in B. O. Curry Block

J C. Lloyd
General Repairing
Horse shoeing $1.50 and $2.00
Have You Bought YOUR Liberty Bonds?

Campbell School of Music
Jos. Halamicek, Director
Jos. Halamicek, Piano, Violin, Theory of Music
Jan Kalas: Cello, Vocal, Harmony and Composition
Miss B. Kalas: Piano
B. O. Curry Bld'g. Phone: Campbell 18F12

Notice to Creditors

Estate of Theodore H. Bourne, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned executor of the last Will and Testament of Theodore H. Bourne, Deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said decedent, to file them, with the necessary vouchers, in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court in and for Santa Clara County, California, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, or within said period to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, to the said executor at the office of Bohnett & Hill, Rooms 312-314 Bank of San Jose Building, in the city of San Jose, county of Santa Clara, State of California, where all business connected with said estate will be transacted.

San Jose, Cal., this 27th day of April, A. D. 1917.
Francis H. Cutting
Executor of the last Will and Testament of Theodore H. Bourne, deceased.
L. D. Bohnett & H. G. Hill,
Attorneys for said Executor

SUMMONS

In the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Santa Clara

Mary Simpson, Plaintiff — vs. — James Simpson, Defendant

Action brought in the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Santa Clara, and the Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County of Santa Clara

The People of the State of California send greeting to James Simpson Defendant

You are hereby directed to appear and answer the Complaint in an action, entitled as above, brought against you in the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Santa Clara, within ten days after service on you of this summons, if served within this County, or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that unless you so appear and answer as above required, the said plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the Complaint as arising upon contract, or will apply to the Court for any other relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Santa Clara, this 11th day of May, A. D. 1917.

(Seal) HENRY A. PFISTER, Clerk
By Frank Towner, Deputy Clerk
Frank H. Benson, Attorney for Plaintiff

Tennis goods? See Smith.

Quality stationery at Smith's.

The San Jose Pageant

San Jose, May 24. The giant stage two hundred yards long on which the Pageant of San Jose will be played in this city was completed to-day. It is the largest stage in the world and will be used for two nights only, Friday and Saturday, June 1 and 2 to enact the history of California in aid of the funds of the Red Cross.

Every detail of the big Pageant has been worked out and is ready for the public to witness on June 1 and 2. The 1500 actors are trained to the minute and the entire cast has shown wonderful ability and will present a play that has never been equalled on this coast.

The great battery of electric lights which are to light the stage and the big group of colored calcium lights are being installed and will be ready for action next Monday night when the first of the full rehearsals are to be held.

Next Saturday, May 26 will be "Pageant Ticket Day" in San Jose when 200 local and Peninsula society girls will invade the city and sell thousands of tickets for the Pageant in aid of the Red Cross. The Southern Pacific Railroad has announced special rates to this city for the Pageant from all coast points. Hundreds of automobile owners are expected to make the trip to San Jose and special arrangements are being made to accommodate all machines and many conveniences will be available at the grounds for those owners coming in their machines with parties.

Water Co. Reduces Rates

The Railroad Commission has allowed the Campbell Water Company on its own application the following reductions in irrigation rates from May 20, 1917, to September 20, 1917, upon the applicants complying with these conditions: that written application be made before June 1st, 1917, giving name, amount of water applied for, land on which water is to be used and the crop or crops to be irrigated.

The new rate to existing consumers will be 10 cents per 1000 gallons by meter in excess of amount used for the same month of last year. Full particulars as to terms and conditions may be learned at the office of the CAMPBELL WATER COMPANY. It is required that the Water Company report the names of all such applicants to the Railroad Commission, showing amount of water applied for, land to be irrigated and crops to be raised. This reduction does not apply to the rate on water used for any other purpose than the raising of emergency crops necessitated by the war and will not in any way prejudice the legal rights or other rates of THE CAMPBELL WATER COMPANY.

In Memoriam

On May 17, occurred the death of Abner D. Purmort, at the home of his son, A. A. Purmort, on Sunny oaks ave.

Deceased was born in Vermont, Jan. 24, 1830. He moved to Minnesota in 1856 while the state was still a territory. He was a member of the society of Minnesota Territorial Pioneers. He served in the capacity of Government carpenter during the Civil War, being physically unable to enter the army ranks. He came to Santa Clara county about ten years ago where he has since made his home.

His wife preceded to the better land seventeen years ago. He leaves, to mourn his death, one daughter, Mrs. Frank Hart of Minnesota, four sons, A. A., and M. E. of Campbell, J. E. and G. W. of Minnesota, ten grand children, one of whom is Mrs. F. B. Smith of Saratoga, and two great grand children. The funeral services were held at the San Jose Undertaking Parlors at 10 A. M., Saturday, May 19. The service was read by Rev. W. H. Lloyd, and the music furnished by Mesdames Pardee, Williams and D. H. Cramer.

A profusion of beautiful flowers from sympathizing friends covered the casket. Interment was at Cypress Lawn.

California harbors awarded $1,280,000 in bill agreed to.

SUMMONS

In the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Santa Clara.

Marie Greene, Plaintiff — vs. — Thomas F. Greene, Defendant

Action brought in the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Santa Clara, and the Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County of Santa Clara.

The People of the State of California send greeting to Thomas F. Greene Defendant

You are hereby directed to appear and answer the Complaint in an action, entitled as above, brought against you in the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Santa Clara, within ten days after service on you of this summons, if served within this County, or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that unless you so appear and answer as above required, the said plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the Complaint as arising upon contract, or will apply to the Court for any other relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Santa Clara, the 18th day of May, A. D. 1917.

(SEAL) HENRY A. PFISTER, Clerk.
By H. C. Pfister, Deputy Clerk.

ALWAYS HAD IT IN FOR US

Germany Has Been Itching for a War with the United States for a Generation or More.---It Was Bound to Come.

The following account of the sort of treatment the German government has accorded the government and people of the United States we copy from the editorial columns of the Oregonian:

In fighting German autocracy, the United States is fighting for the law of humanity at sea, which Prussian militarism has undertaken to set aside, it is fighting for democracy and National right; but it is fighting also for the cardinal principle of American foreign policy, and with it for the independence of this and the other American republics. Plain intimations have come from Berlin that Germany would months ago have abandoned all conquests in Belgium, France and Russia and would have agreed to a free Poland under Russian suzerainty, if Britain would have abandoned support of the Monroe Doctrine and would have left Germany free to exploit not only Turkey but all of Latin America and to fight it out alone with the United States.

By fighting Germany now, this country has enlisted the aid of the democratic nations of Europe in defeating these designs and has avoided the necessity of fighting at some later time to defeat them, at a time, too, when, if Germany emerged from the present war strong and still dominated by Prussianism, we should have had to fight not only unaided by European nations but possibly with them against us. Once more at a critical point in our history fortune has favored us with powerful allies in preserving our vital interests.

Enmity of the Pan-Germans to the United States dates much farther back than the submarine controversy; it even antedates the Spanish War. It may be said to go as far back as 1868, when the United States, Germany and Great Britain became rivals for control of Samoa. That controversy continued until 1899, when it was ended by division of the islands between the United States and Germany. In 1889 and 1899 it almost caused a German-American war. When Andrew D. White went to Berlin as Ambassador for the second time in 1897, he found unfriendliness widely prevalent; all but two newspapers of importance were "more or less hostile, and some bitterly so." Prince Henry gave evidence of this feeling at a banquet at Hongkong early in 1898 by offering a deliberate insult to the United States, which Admiral Dewey and all his officers resented by leaving the table.

The hostility assumed a more definite form at the outbreak of the Spanish War, when Germany and Austria attempted to form a European coalition to forbid war with Spain. That scheme was foiled by the positive refusal of Great Britain to join it, but Thayer in his "Life of John Hay" quotes the Kaiser as having said: If I had only a fleet, I would have taken Uncle Sam by the scruff of the neck." The same disposition was shown at Manila, where Germany sent a squadron of five vessels, stronger than that of Dewey. This squadron followed the American ships in every move they made in preparing for the bombardment of the city and gave every sign of an intent to oppose the attack. The British squadron took up a position between the Americans and Germans, such that the latter could not fire without hitting the British ships. Admiral Von Diederich then threw off and soon afterward three of his ships disappeared. One of them had earlier threatened to shell the Philippine insurgents who were preparing to attack Isle Grand in Subig Bay, but withdrew when Dewey sent two of his ships with instructions to drive off the Germans and take the Spanish position.

More evidence of a clash between German designs and American policy came in 1903, when Germany, Great Britain and Italy blockaded Venezuela. Occupation of Venezuelan territory was contemplated by Germany, but President Roosevelt prevented it by threatening to send Admiral Dewey to the scene with the Atlantic fleet. Again in 1914, the month before the war began, Germany proposed joint control of the Haitean customs, but President Wilson firmly rejected the scheme and, when revolution disturbed that republic in 1915, occupied it and took it under an American protectorate. In 1902 the United States arranged with Denmark for the purchase of the Danish West Indies for $5,000,000, but German intrigue caused the Danish Parliment to reject the treaty, and the purchase was recently completed for five times that sum under a new treaty.

Germany did her utmost by secret means to prevent the United States from obtaining the Panama canal concession and German agents instigated the Columbian Congress to reject the Hay-Herran treaty of 1902. The efforts to get possession of territory in Venezuela or Haiti were designed to get a foothold within striking distance of the Canal, while the intrigue in Denmark seems to have been inspired by a hope to secure the Danish islands for Germany. According to Worlds Work, Secretary Hay about the same time learned that the Kaiser was negotiating for the purchase of two harbors in Lower California.

In all of these unfriendly moves Germany was trying to put in effect a policy which the Kaiser expressed with great frankness to a party of French people on his yacht Hohenzollern in July, 1901. He described American interference in European affairs as a menace against which Europe should combine, and he suggested to France that the United States should be isolated for the purpose of testing the Monroe Doctrine, but France refused to listen. It was as much to carry out hostile designs against the United States as to war on Britain that he built the second largest navy in the world.

William II has been carrying out and enlarging upon the policy of "real-politik" which had been followed by Bismarsk, founded on the theory that Germany's mission is to organize the world on the lines of German efficiency and to make all nations conttribute to the greatness and wealth of Germany. To this end Prince Henry made a tour of the United States, ostensibly to restore the good feeling which had been weakened by the Manila incident, but actually to promote Pan-Germanism and to unite German-Americans into a force which would control American policy in the interest of Germany. To the same end strong ties have been maintained with the 500,000 Germans in Southern Brazil, and every German settlement abroad has been used as an outpost of the empire, and German merchants have been made consuls of other nations. The aim has been to do much more than realize Neumann's idea of Mittel Europa as a great German federation stretching from the North Sea to the Persian Gulf and including not only Germany but Austria, the Balkan states and Turkey; it was to humble the United States and to make the entire American hemisphere appanage of the German empire.

As hope of realizing this dream has grown fainter and has given place to fear of utter defeat, the dislike which arose from national rivalry has given place to bitter hatred. Failure to win the quick victory on which the Kaiser and his junker advisers staked all is ascribed to American food and munitions poured into Britain and France and to American restrictions on U-boat war. The sentiment of Germany toward the United States months before the final barred-zone proclamation is thus described by Herbert Bayard Swope in his book, "Inside the German Empire:"

"Throughout Germany today the hatred for America is better and deep. It is palpable and weighs you down. All the resentment, all the blind fury Germany once reserved for England alone have been expanded to include us, and have been accentuated in the expansion."

When we are fighting a country which is controlled by men harboring ambitions so destructive to our National peace and safety and nourishing such bitter sentiments toward us, it would be suicidal folly for the United States to make a half-hearted war. Not until the Hohenzollerns and all who entertain their ideas of conquest, all who practice their inhuman methods, have been driven from power, can we relent. Our duty to democracy and the future peace of the world demand this, but even though they did not, our own security would demand it. If submarine warfare were to starve Britain into submission and were to give victory to Germaay, we should be compelled to fight aloue against a superior navy and a larger, victorious, veteran army. Our best hope of defeating the sinister, world-embracing designs of the Prussian oligarchy is to keep the allies supplied with all the sinews of war until and after our own Army is ready. If they should fail, a more terrible war would await us.

A Business Man's Prayer

"Teach me that 60 minutes make an hour; 16 ounces one pound, and 100 cents one dollar. Help me to live so that I can lie down at night with a clear conscience, without a gun under my pillow, and unhaunted by the faces of those to whom I have brought pain. Grant that I may earn my meal ticket on the square, and that in earning it I may not stick the gaff where it does not belong. Deafen me to the jingle of tainted money and the rustle of unholy skirts. Blind me to the faults of the other fellow, but reveal to me mine own. Guide me so that each night when I look across the dinner table at my wife, who has been a blessing to me, I will have nothing to conceal. Keep me young enough to laugh with my children. And when come the smell of flowers, and the tread of soft steps, and the crunching of wheels out in front, make the ceremony short and the epitaph simple:—'Here lies a man.'"

A Recipe

They found a lot of courage that simmered in the sun; they blended it with patience and just a spice of fun; they poured in hope and laughter and then, with sudden twist, they stirred it all together and made an optomist.—*Stolen with Pleasure.*

SUMMONS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Santa Clara.

Charles T. Boots, Plaintiff — vs. — Julia M. DeRochebrune, Geo. B. McKee, Emilie C. Popp, Gertrude W. Popp, Louis T. Lenzen, Henry J. Lion, Emile M. Lion, Christina A. Miano, Josephine Volk, May Philson, Jos. A. Desimone, Lewis P. Desimone, Anna M. Dougherty, Madeline Cox, Elsie Rhien, Jennie Brown, and Jos. G. Reul; also all other persons unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real property described in the complaint adverse to plaintiff's ownership or any cloud upon plaintiff's title thereto, Defendants) SUMMONS

Action brought in the Superior Court of the state of California, in and for the County of Santa Clara and the Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said Santa Clara County.

The people of the State of California send greeting to Julia M. DeRochebrune, Geo. B. McKee, Emilie C. Popp, Gertrude W. Popp, Louis T. Lenzen, Henry J. Lion, Emile M. Lion, Christina A. Miano, Josephine Volk, May Philson, Jos. A. Desimone, Lewis P. Desimone, Anna M. Dougherty, Madeline Cox, Elsie Rhien, Jennie Brown, and Jos G. Reul; also all other persons unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real property described in the complaint adverse to plaintiff's ownership or any cloud upon plaintiff's title thereto, Defendants:

You are hereby directed to appear and answer the complaint in an action, entitled as above, brought against you in the Superior Court, of the State of California, in and for the County of Santa Clara, within ten days after service on you of this summons, if served within this county, or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

The object of the above entitled action is to obtain a judgment and decree of said court that the plaintiff, Charles T. Boots, is the owner in fee, of all that certain real property situate in the City of San Jose, County of Santa Clara, State of California, described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the Westerly line of Third Street 2.5 feet Northerly from the dividing line between Lots One (1) and Four (4) of Block One (1), Range Three [3] South of the Base line of the Original Survey of the City of San Jose, California, and running thence Westerly at right angles to Third street and parallel to San Fernando street along the center line of a Brick wall 130.78 feet to the Westerly side of a 13 inch brick wall; thence Southerly along the Westerly side of said wall and parallel to Third Street 48.44 feet to a point; thence Westerly and parallel to San Fernando Street 7.06 feet to the line between Lots 3 and 4 of the aforesaid Block and Range; thence along the Westerly line of Lot 4 Southerly 2.5 feet to a point; thence Easterly at right angles and parallel to San Fernando Street 7.06 feet to the corner of a brick wall; thence continuing along the Southerly side of said brick wall 137.84 feet to the Westerly line of Third Street; thence Northerly along the Westerly line of Third Street 50.94 feet to the place of commience ment.

And also to obtain the further judgment and decree of said Court that all the adverse claims made by you, or either of you, are wholly without merit and absolutely void; that plaintiff is the owner in fee of said property; and that you, and each of you, be forever barred and restrained from claiming any or asserting any claims of any nature relating to said property, or any part thereof, adverse to the plaintiff; and for all costs herein expended.

And you are hereby notified that unless you so appear and answer as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said Complaint.

Given under my hand and Seal of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Santa Clara, this 4th day of April, A.D. 1917.

HENRY A. PFISTER, Clerk
(SEAL) By Frank Towner, Deputy Clerk
L. D. Bohnett and Henry G. Hill,
Attorneys for Plaintiff
Bank of San Jose Bldg.

Notice to Creditors

Estate of Maria Poor, Deceased

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned executor of the last Will and Testament of Maria Poor, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said decedent, to file them, with the necessary vouchers, in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court in and for Santa Clara County, California, within four months after the first publication of this Notice, or within said period to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, to the said Executor at the office of Bohnett & Hill, Rooms 312-314 Bank of San Jose Building, in the City of San Jose, County of Santa Clara State of California, where all business connected with said estate will be transacted.

San Jose, Cal., this 20th day of April, A.D. 1917
John F. Duncan,
Executor of the last Will and Testament of Maria Poor, deceased.
L. D. Bohnett & H. G. Hill,
Attorneys for said Executor.

L. D. BOHNETT
H. G. HILL
Attorneys and Counselors
313-314 Bank of San Jose Building.
Phone, 663 — Notary Public
Residence, 130 Coe Ave., Phone, S. J. 2353 J

BREAD
& BAKERY SUPPLIES
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There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put togther, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Dairy Facts

A few of the facts you should know concerning our dairy when choosing your milk supply.

1. Our cows are tuberculin tested every six months (no need for pasturization.)

2. Our dairy is scored 92 per cent. perfect by the state dairy inspector (the average market milk dairy runs below 70 per cent.)

3. The average Butter Fat test of our milk as shown by the U. of C. tests is 4.71 per cent. (The average for market milk is about 3.5 per cent.)

4. In every detail in the production of our milk the utmost care is practiced in order to insure you a clean wholesome product.

Keep your money in Campbell. Buy from those who in turn spend in Campbell.

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